#### Alabama Medicaid Opioid Prescribing Trends and Outcomes

**DUR Board Meeting** 

April 25, 2018

# ROBERT MOON, MD CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER ALABAMA MEDICAID AGENCY



# Today's Agenda

**Opioid Prescribing Trends** 

**Opioid Cost Trends** 

Medicaid Initiative to Reduce Opioid Prescribing

Case Presentation: NAS

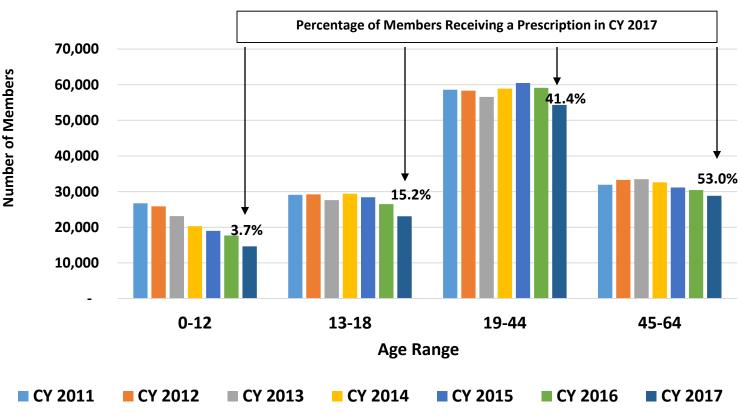


# Medicaid Opioid Prescribing Trends



#### MEDICAID OPIOID PRESCRIBING TRENDS: CY 2011- CY 2017

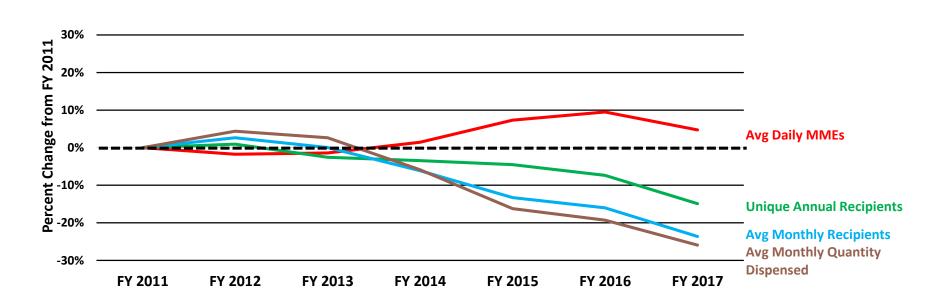
# Alabama Medicaid Agency Members Prescribed a Full Agonist Opioid CY 2011 to CY 2017





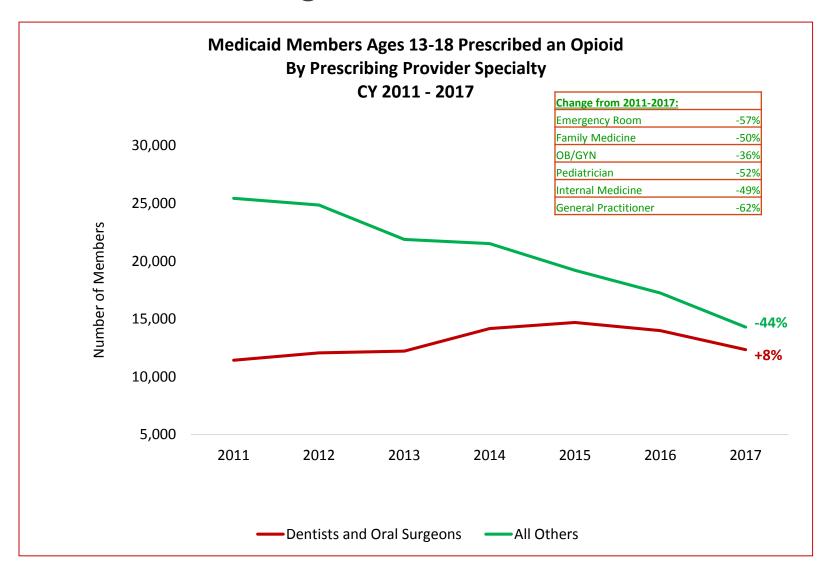
#### MEDICAID OPIOID PRESCRIBING TRENDS: FY 2011- FY 2017

# Alabama Medicaid Agency Change in Full Agonist Opioid Prescribing FY 2011 to FY 2017



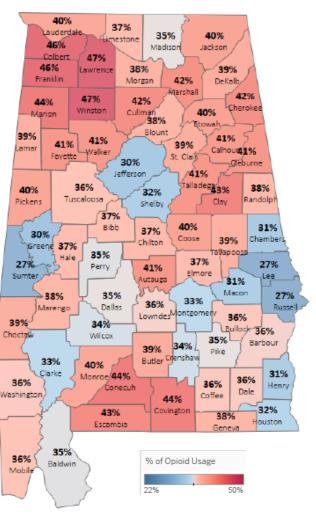


### Trends in Prescribing Sources



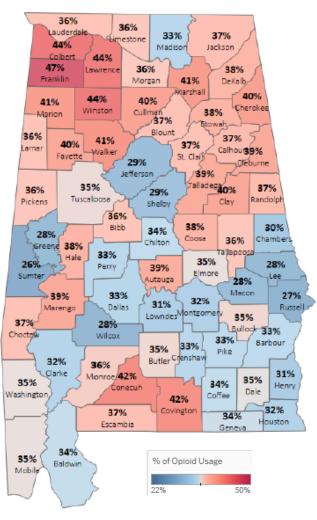
#### Percentage of Adult Medicaid Members Prescribed an Opioid\*

CY 2016

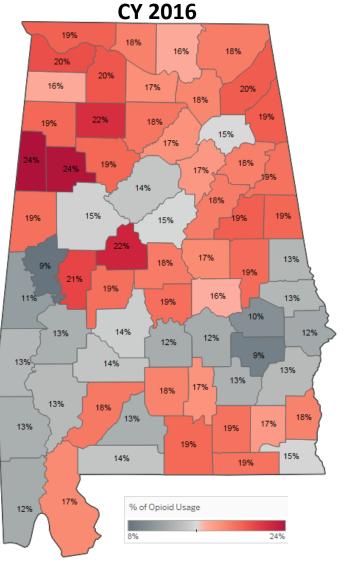


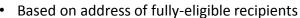
- Based on address of fully-eligible recipients
- Recipients with greater than 11 months of eligibility

**CY 2017** 

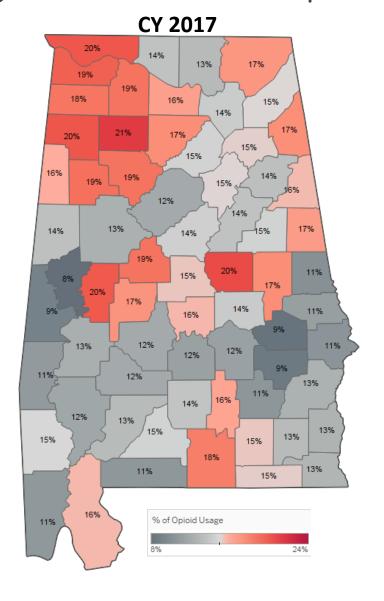


#### Percentage of Medicaid Members Aged 13-18 Prescribed an Opioid\*





· Recipients with greater than 11 months of eligibility



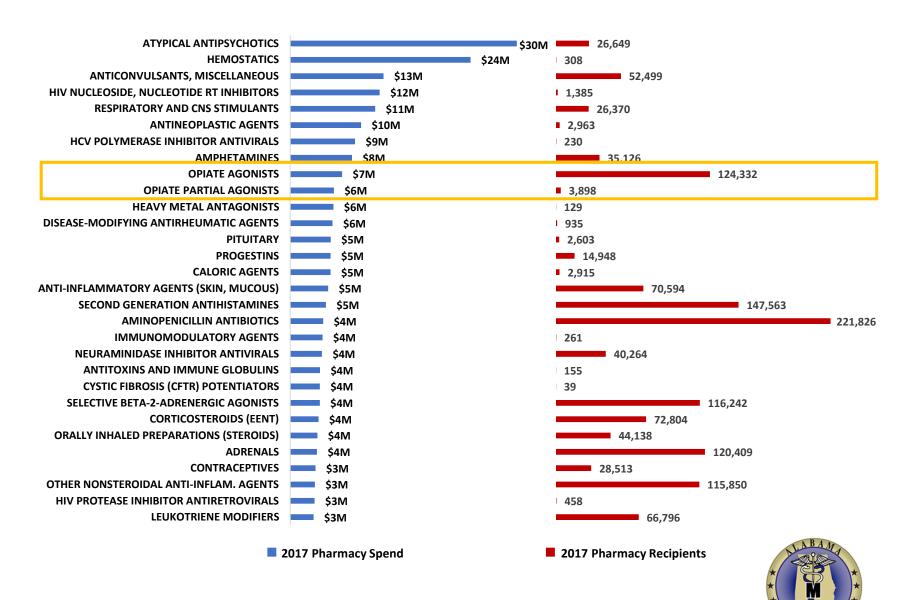
## Still work to be done...

CDC State	Opioid Pre	escribing R	ates Per 100	Population				
							Number	
						Alabama	of State	
	Alabama	Alabama	Comparison	Comparison	Comparison	Compared	Rates	
	Rate	Rank	State Rank	State	State Rate	to #2 State	Over 100	
2016	121.0	#1	#2	Arkansas	114.6	5.6%	4	
2015	125.0	#1	#2	Arkansas	117.2	6.7%	8	
2014	135.2	#1	#2	West Virginia	126.4	7.0%	9	
2013	142.4	#1	#2	West Virginia	129.0	10.4%	10	
2012	143.8	#1	#2	West Virginia	136.9	5.0%	11	
2011	136.6	#4	#1	West Virginia	139.6		12	
2010	134.3	#4	#1	West Virginia	143.1		12	
2009	131.6	#4	#1	West Virginia	146.9		10	
2008	126.1	#4	#1	West Virginia	145.5		9	
2007	120.3	#4	#1	West Virginia	135.1		8	
2006	115.6	#4	#1	West Virginia	129.9		7	
Over the I	ast 10 year	rs West Vir	ginia decreas	ed their prescr	ibing rate by 2	.6% while Ala	bama	
increased its rate by 5%.								
Data Source								
https://www.cdc.gov/drugoverdose/maps/rxrate-maps.html								
Opioid Prescribing Metrics.xl								

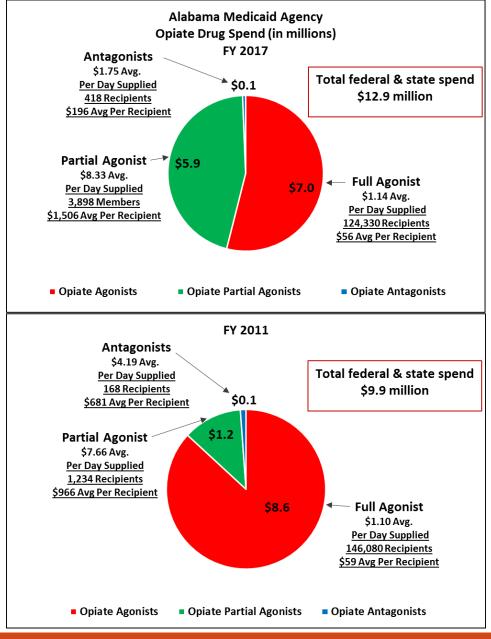
## Medicaid Opioid Spending Trends



#### MEDICAID DRUG UTILIZATION BY AHFS CLASS: FY 2017

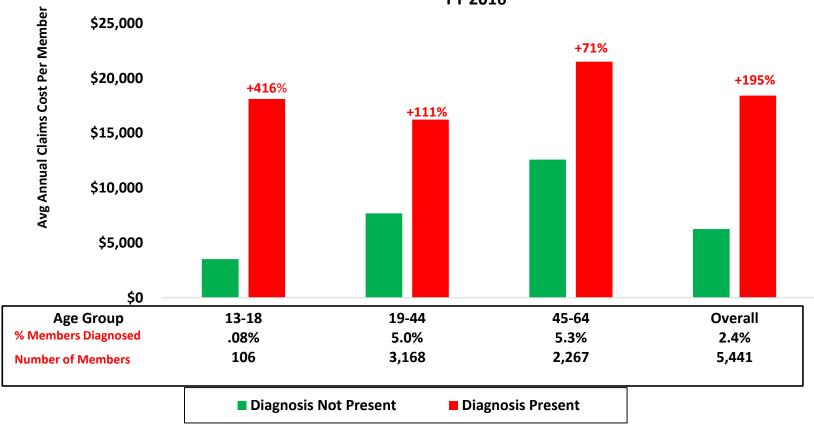


#### MEDICAID OPIOID DRUG SPEND: FY 2011 - FY 2017 (IN MILLIONS)





# Alabama Medicaid Agency Effect of Opioid Dependency on Avg Annual Claims Cost Per Member FY 2016



Members Excluded: 1) Not eligible the entire year, 2) PlanFirst (family planning only) at any time during the year, 3) Ever had cancer diagnosis, 4) Ever had sickle cell anemia diagnosis, 5) Mothers giving birth during the year, 6) dually eligible for Medicare/Medicaid at any time during the year and 7) age 65 and older. Total cohort after exclusions of 232,166 members.

## Oral Surgeon Opioid Prescribing Pilot



### Oral Surgeon Opioid Prescribing Survey Initiative (June, 2017)

#### **Objective**

- Understand what influences the prescribing behavior of oral surgeons
- Raise oral surgeons' awareness of:
  - 1. Current recommended best practices in prescribing opioids and
  - 2. Their current opioid prescribing habits relative to their peers

#### Methodology

- Thirty oral surgeons were faxed a package containing: 1) a 7-question survey; and 2) a report comparing their opioid prescribing practices to the others receiving the survey
  - Fourteen doctors elected to respond to the survey

#### Results and Follow-up (February, 2018)

- Survey results provided to all 30 providers
- Updated history on the prescribing practices
- Letters from 2 practices describing their experience in lowering their opioid prescribing

### Oral Surgeon Opioid Prescribing Survey Initiative

#### Survey Results Overview - Based on 14 Responses

All doctors who responded to the survey prescribe opioids to adolescent patients to treat <u>acute</u> pain.

60% of the doctors advise patients some of the time that the combination of an NSAID with acetaminophen could be sufficient for pain management for tooth or post-op pain.

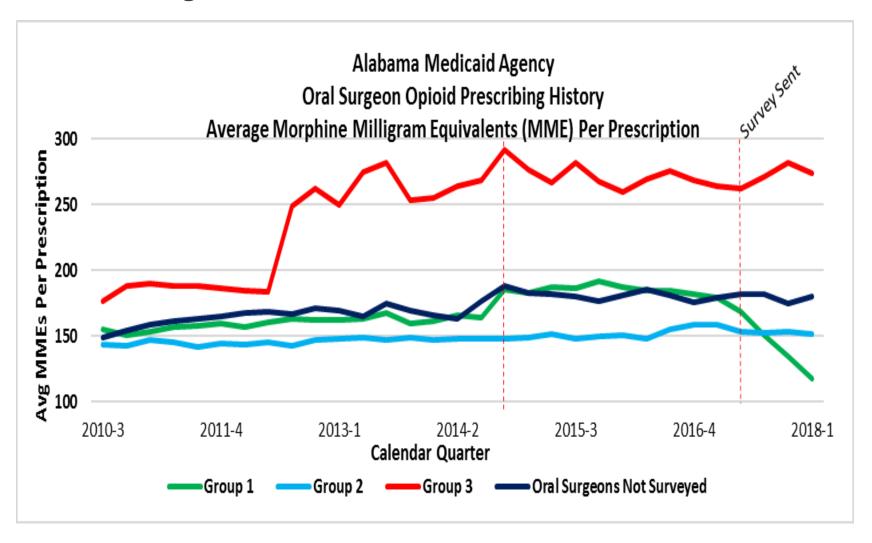
71% of the doctors report some utilization of the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) Database.

93% of doctors state that prior training/practice standard of care influences their prescribing habits

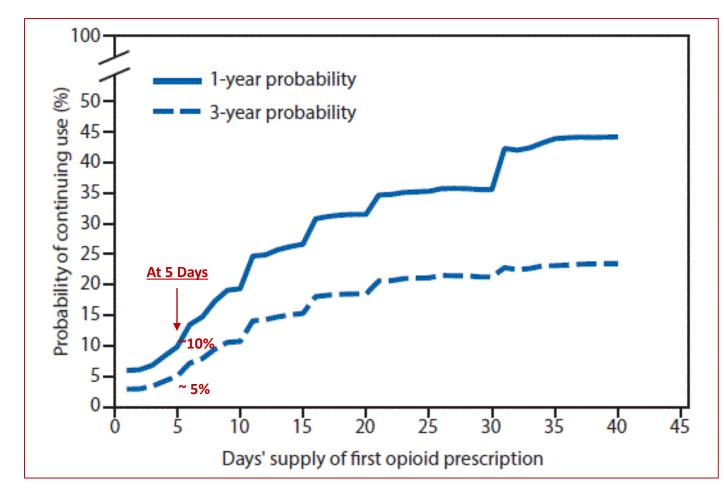


### Oral Surgeon Opioid Prescribing Survey Initiative

Did Continuing Education and Data Have an Influence?



## Probability of Continued Opioid Usage Among Naïve Patients Based on Number of Days Supply in Initial Opioid Prescription



Source: Characteristics of Initial Prescription Episodes and Likelihood of Long-Term Opioid Use — United States, 2006— 2015 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

"Legitimate opioid use before high school graduation is independently associated with a **33% increase in the** risk of future opioid misuse after high school. This association is concentrated among individuals who have little to no history of drug use and...strong disapproval of illegal drug use at baseline."

- Monitoring the Future Study National Survey Results on Drug Use, January 2017

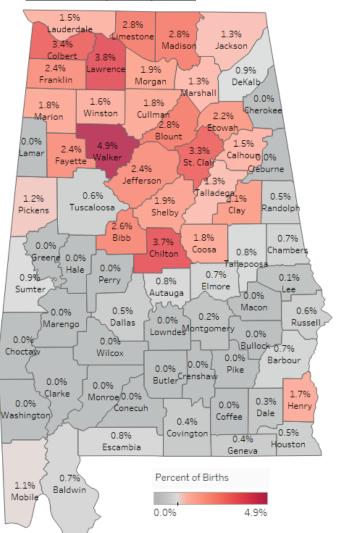
# Case Presentation Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS)



#### **Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS)**

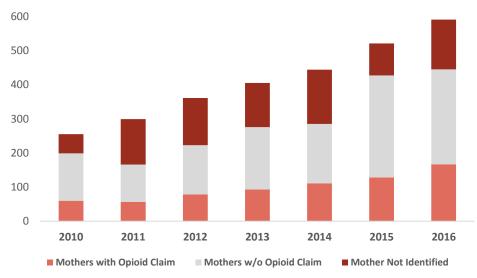
**NAS** Drug withdrawal syndrome in newborns caused primarily by *in utero* exposure to opioids. [CDC]

#### NAS Infants by County (2016)



Medicaid Infants with NAS by Race In 2016 per 1,000 Births									
26.9	5.7	2.7	15.7						
White	Black	Hispanic	Other						





### Cost Analysis of Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome

#### Alabama Medicaid Agency Claims Data Analysis Calendar Years 2010-2013

	Infants Diagnosed with NAS (N)	Number of NAS Infants Admitted to NICU	Average Days Spent in the NICU	Average NICU Cost per Infant
NAS Diagnosed from Mothers Who Had Claims For Less Than 30 days Supply of Opioids (Low Use)	143	112 (78%)	15	\$ 27,450
NAS Diagnosed from Mothers Who Had Claims For More Than 30 days Supply of Opioids (High Use)	188	120 (64%)	11	\$ 22,606
NAS Diagnosed from Mothers Who Had No Claims For Opioids	670	495 (74%)	23	\$ 32,814

- Mothers with high use of opioids have a higher rate of NAS, but better fetal outcomes.
- Cost and length of stay are significantly reduced in physician managed mothers.
- 670 infants were diagnosed with NAS during the study time whose mothers had no claims for opioids.

<sup>\*</sup>Reflects opioid claims during pregnancy with or without the use of other medications. Not exclusive.

<sup>\*</sup>Based on CY 2010-2013

## Questions