Billing Part B Claims Through a Pharmacy

Medicare covers certain prescription drugs under Part B with J codes (HCPC Codes) instead of NDC codes. Medicaid will allow these claims to be billed secondary to Medicare effective January 1, 2006. Examples of these drugs include hemophilia clotting factors, some immunosuppressive drugs for transplant patients (if the transplant was paid for by Medicare), some oral cancer drugs, erythropoietin analogs if the patient has End Stage Renal Disease, some injectable osteoporosis drugs, and some antigens if they are administered under doctor supervision. For more information on this issue, please visit the CMS website. A pharmacy must enroll as a DME provider to bill these services.

If the Alabama Medicaid pharmacy provider does not already have a provider number (i.e. enrolled as a DME provider) for filing Part B crossover claims, then the pharmacy provider will need to complete a separate provider enrollment application under a DME NPI in order to be allowed to bill for these services secondary to Medicare. Medicaid allows payment up to our allowed amount. Providers will be issued an additional pharmacy provider number, which will be used for filing secondary claims only. Once a provider number is received, Part B claims should crossover automatically to Medicaid from Medicare. However, if the Part B crossover claim did not crossover automatically, then the Part B crossover claim should be filed on a Medicaid/Medicare related claim form, or electronically through Provider Electronic Solutions software. Claim forms and software can be ordered by calling Provider Assistance at 1-800-688-7989.

The Provider Enrollment application can be found on the Medicaid website at <u>http://medicaid.alabama.gov/content/10.0_Contact/10.3_Provider_Contacts/10.3.4_Provider_Enrollment.aspx</u>.