MEASURE FUA-AD: FOLLOW-UP AFTER EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISIT FOR ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG ABUSE OR DEPENDENCE

National Committee for Quality Assurance

A. DESCRIPTION

Percentage of emergency department (ED) visits for beneficiaries age 18 and older with a principal diagnosis of alcohol or other drug (AOD) abuse or dependence who had a follow-up visit for AOD abuse or dependence. Two rates are reported:

- Percentage of ED visits for which the beneficiary received follow-up within 30 days of the ED visit (31 total days)
- Percentage of ED visits for which the beneficiary received follow-up within 7 days of the ED visit (8 total days)

Data Collection Method: Administrative

Guidance for Reporting:

- This measure includes individuals age 13 and older. For the purpose of Adult Core Set reporting, include beneficiaries age 18 and older. States should calculate and report this measure for two age groups (as applicable): ages 18 to 64 and age 65 and older.
- The denominator should be the same for the 30-day rate and the 7-day rate within each age group.
- The 30-day follow-up rate should be greater than or equal to the 7-day follow-up rate.
- When a visit code or procedure code must be used in conjunction with a diagnosis code, the codes must be on the same claim or from the same visit.
 - If a value set includes codes used on professional claims (e.g., CPT, HCPCS) and includes codes used on facility claims (e.g., UB), use diagnosis and procedure codes from both facility and professional claims to identify services and diagnoses (the codes can be on the same claim or from the same visit).
 - If a value set includes codes used only on facility claims (e.g., UB) then use only facility claims to identify services and diagnoses (the codes must be on the same claim).
- Include all paid, suspended, pending and denied claims.
- Beneficiaries in hospice are excluded from the eligible population. For additional information, refer to the hospice exclusion guidance in Section II. Data Collection and Reporting of the Adult Core Set.

The following coding systems are used in this measure: CPT, HCPCS, ICD-10-CM, POS, SNOMED, and UB. Refer to the Acknowledgments section at the beginning of the manual for copyright information.

B. ELIGIBLE POPULATION

Age	Age 18 and older as of the ED visit.
Continuous enrollment	Date of the ED visit through 30 days after the ED visit (31 total days).

Version of Specification: HEDIS MY 2020 & MY 2021

Allowable gap	No allowable gaps in the continuous enrollment period.
Anchor date	None.
Benefit	Medical and chemical dependency. Note: Beneficiaries with detoxification-only chemical dependency benefits do not meet these criteria.
Event/diagnosis	An ED visit (ED Value Set) with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set) on or between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year where the beneficiary was age 18 or older on the date of the visit. The denominator for this measure is based on ED visits, not on beneficiaries. If a beneficiary has more than one ED visit, identify all eligible ED visits between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year and do not include more than one visit per 31-day period as described below.
Multiple visits in a 31-day period	If a beneficiary has more than one ED visit in a 31-day period, include only the first eligible ED visit. For example, if a beneficiary has an ED visit on January 1, include the January 1 visit and do not include ED visits that occur on or between January 2 and January 31; then, if applicable, include the next ED visit that occurs on or after February 1. Identify visits chronologically, including only one per 31-day period. Note: Removal of multiple visits in a 31-day period is based on eligible visits. Assess each ED visit for exclusions before removing
ED visits followed by inpatient admission	multiple visits in a 31-day period. Exclude ED visits that result in an inpatient stay and ED visits followed by an admission to an acute or nonacute inpatient care setting on the date of the ED visit or within the 30 days after the ED visit, regardless of the principal diagnosis for the admission. To identify admissions to an acute or nonacute inpatient care setting: 1. Identify all acute and nonacute inpatient stays (Inpatient Stay Value Set). 2. Identify the admission date for the stay. An ED or observation visit billed on the same claim as an inpatient stay is considered a visit that resulted in an inpatient stay. These events are excluded from this measure because admission to an acute or nonacute inpatient setting may prevent an outpatient follow-up visit from taking place.

C. ADMINISTRATIVE SPECIFICATION

Denominator

The eligible population as defined above.

Numerator

30-Day Follow-Up

A follow-up visit with any practitioner, with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence within 30 days after the ED visit (31 total days). Include visits that occur on the date of the ED visit.

7-Day Follow-Up

A follow-up visit with any practitioner, with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence within 7 days after the ED visit (8 total days). Include visits that occur on the date of the ED visit.

For both indicators, any of the following meet criteria for a follow-up visit:

- <u>IET Stand Alone Visits Value Set</u> with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (<u>AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set</u>)
- <u>OUD Weekly Non Drug Service Value Set</u> with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set)
- OUD Monthly Office Based Treatment Value Set with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set)
- OUD Weekly Drug Treatment Service Value Set with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set)
- <u>IET Visits Group 1 Value Set</u> with <u>IET POS Group 1 Value Set</u> and a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set)
- <u>IET Visits Group 2 Value Set</u> with <u>IET POS Group 2 Value Set</u> and a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (<u>AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set</u>)
- An observation visit (<u>Observation Value Set</u>) with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set)
- A telephone visit (<u>Telephone Visits Value Set</u>) with a principal diagnosis of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set)
- An e-visit or virtual check-in (<u>Online Assessments Value Set</u>) with a principal diagnosis
 of AOD abuse or dependence (AOD Abuse and Dependence Value Set)

D. ADDITIONAL NOTES

There may be different methods for billing intensive outpatient visits and partial hospitalizations. Some methods may be comparable to outpatient billing, with separate claims for each date of service; others may be comparable to inpatient billing, with an admission date, a discharge date, and units of service. Where billing methods are comparable to inpatient billing, each unit of service may be counted as an individual visit. The unit of service must have occurred during the required period for the rate (e.g., within 30 days after the ED visit or within 7 days after the ED visit).