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# CHAPTER TWENTY-THREE

# HOSPITAL REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM

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Chapter 23 Hospital Reimbursement Program.

#### Rule No. 560-X-23-.01 Introduction

(1) This Chapter of the Alabama Medicaid Administrative Code has been promulgated by the Alabama Medicaid Agency (Medicaid) as a guide for providers of Medicaid hospital care. This Chapter is applicable to all hospitals participating in the Alabama Medicaid Program.

**Author**: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: February 9, 1988. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended**: Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010.

# Rule No. 560-X-23-.02 Definitions and Basic Concepts

- (1) Access Payment: A payment by the Medicaid program to an eligible hospital for inpatient and outpatient hospital care provided to a Medicaid recipient.
- (2) Hospital: For purposes of Medicaid base, access and DSH payments for the period from October 1 through September 30 a facility, which is licensed as a hospital under the laws of the State of Alabama, provides 24-hour nursing services, and is primarily engaged in providing, by or under the supervision of doctors of medicine or osteopathy, inpatient services for the diagnosis, treatment, and care or rehabilitation of persons who are sick, injured, or disabled.
- (3) Cost Report: The electronic cost report (ECR) filing of the CMS Form 2552-96 or 2552-10 Hospital and Hospital Health Care Complex Cost Report, as defined in CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (PRM) 15-II (hereinafter referred to as "CMS form 2552
- (4) Privately Owned and Operated Hospital: For purposes of Medicaid base, access and DSH payments for the period from October 1, through September 30, a hospital in Alabama other than:
- (a) Any hospital that is owned and operated by the federal government;
- (b) A hospital that is a state agency or unit of state government, including without limitation a hospital owned by a state agency or a state university.
- (c) A hospital created and operating under the authority of a governmental unit which has been established as a public corporation pursuant to Chapter 21 of Title 22 or Chapter 95 of Title 11, or a hospital otherwise owned and operated by a unit of local government.

- (d) A hospital that limits services to patients primarily to rehabilitation services as authorized by Alabama Administrative Code 410-2-4-.08; or
- (e) A hospital granted a Certificate of Need as a Long Term Acute Care Hospital as defined by Alabama Administrative Code 410-2-4-.02(8).
- (5) Non State Government Owned and Operated Hospital: For purposes of Medicaid base, access and DSH payments for the period from October 1, through September 30, a hospital in Alabama created or operating under the authority of a governmental unit which has been established as a public corporation pursuant to Ala. Code, Chapter 21 of Title 22 or Chapter 95 of Title 11, or a hospital otherwise owned or operated by a unit of local government.
- (6) State Owned or Operated Hospital: For purposes of Medicaid base, access and DSH payments for the period from October 1, through September 30, a hospital in Alabama that is a state agency or unit of state government, including without limitation a hospital owned or operated by a state agency or a state university.

Author: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: October 11, 1986; September 9, 1987; May 25, 1988; November 10, 1988; April 14, 1989. **Amended**: Emergency Rule effective October 1, 1991. **Amended**: January 14, 1992; September 11, 1992, May 13, 1993, January 11, 1996. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended**: Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective October 1, 2011. **Amended**: Filed December 12, 2011; effective January 16, 2012. **Amended**: Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

# Rule No. 560-X-23-.03 Inpatient Medicaid Base Payment

- (1) For the period October 1 through September 30 each hospital shall receive an inpatient Medicaid base (per diem) payment, in accordance with the following:
- (a) Medicaid shall pay a base (per diem) amount to each hospital from all sources except DSH payments as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel.

**Author**: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: November 10, 1986; August 10, 1987; May 25, 1988, July 12, 1988; May 12, 1989. **Amended**: Emergency Rule effective June 20, 1989. **Amended**: September 13, 1989. Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended**: Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective October 1, 2011. Filed September 23, 2011. **Amended**: Filed October

20, 2011; effective January 16, 2012. **Amended:** Filed December 12, 2011; effective January 16, 2012. **Amended:** Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

# Rule No. 560-X-23-.04 Inpatient Hospital Access Payments

(1) For the period October 1, through September 30, the amount available for inpatient hospital access payments shall be calculated as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel.

Author: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective October 1, 2011. Filed September 23, 2011. **Amended**: Filed December 12, 2011; effective January 16, 2012. **Amended**: Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

## Rule No. 560-X-23-.05 Psychiatric Hospitals

- (1) For the period October 1, through September 30, in addition to any other funds paid to private free-standing psychiatric hospitals for inpatient hospital services to Medicaid patients, qualifying hospitals shall receive an annual private free-standing psychiatric hospital access payment as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel.
- (2) General Annual cost report filing, by completing Medicaid prescribed standard cost report forms, is mandatory for psychiatric hospitals. Cost reports shall be completed in accordance with the Instructions for the Alabama Medicaid Uniform Cost Report.
- (a) Cost Report Year-Ends Each provider is required to file a uniform cost report for each fiscal year. The provider may elect the last day of any month as the fiscal year end. The cost report is due ninety (90) days after the fiscal year end elected by the provider. To change the fiscal year end, a written request must be received by the Alabama Medicaid Agency no later than sixty (60) days prior to the close of the provider's current cost reporting period. Providers must have written approval from the Alabama Medicaid Agency before changing the reporting period.
- (b) Cost Report Filing One copy of the complete uniform cost report must be received by Medicaid within three months after the Medicaid cost report year-end. It shall be signed by an authorized official or owner of the hospital. If the cost report is prepared by anyone other than an official or a full-time employee of the hospital, such person shall duly execute and submit the report as the Cost Report Preparer. The signatures of both the hospital official and Cost Report Preparer, if any, must be preceded by the following certification:

INTENTIONAL MISREPRESENTATION OR FALSIFICATION OF ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS COST REPORT MAY BE PUNISHABLE BY FINE AND/OR IMPRISONMENT UNDER FEDERAL LAW.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have read the above statement and that I have examined the accompanying Cost Report and supporting schedules prepared on behalf of(hospital name(s) and Number(s)) for the cost report period beginning and ending and that to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is a true, correct, and complete report prepared from the books and records of the hospital(s) in accordance with applicable Alabama Medicaid Reimbursement Principles, except as noted.

Signed

Officer or Administrator of Hospital(s)

Cost Report Prepared By:

Title

Date

Any cost report received by Medicaid without the required original signatures and/or certification(s) will be deemed incomplete and returned to the hospital.

A cost report may be submitted in electronic format with a printed signed page of certification.

(c) Extensions - Cost reports shall be prepared with due diligence and care to prevent the necessity for later submittals of corrected or supplemental information by hospitals. Extensions may be granted only upon approval by Medicaid. The extension request must be in writing, containing the reasons for the request, and must be made prior to the cost report due date. Only one thirty-one day extension per cost reporting year will be granted by the Agency.

#### (d) Penalties

Late Filing - If a complete uniform cost report is not filed by the due date, the hospital shall be charged a penalty of one hundred dollars per day for each calendar day after the due date. This penalty will not be a reimbursable Medicaid cost. The Commissioner of Medicaid may waive such penalty for good cause shown. Such showing must be made in writing to the Commissioner with supporting documentation. A cost report that is over ninety (90) days late may result in termination of the hospital from the Medicaid program. Further, the entire amount paid to the hospital during the fiscal period with respect to which the report has not been filed will be deemed an overpayment. The hospital will have thirty (30) days to refund the overpayment or submit the cost report after which Medicaid may institute a suit or other action to collect this overpayment amount. No further payment will be made to the hospital until the cost report has been received by Medicaid.

#### (3) Reporting Negligence

- a. Whenever a provider includes a previously disallowed cost on a subsequent year's cost report, if the cost included is attributable to the same type good or service under substantially the same circumstances as resulted in the previous disallowance, a negligence penalty of up to \$10,000 may be assessed at the discretion of the Alabama Medicaid Agency.
- b. This penalty shall be in addition to, and shall in no way affect, Medicaid's right to also recover the entire amount of any overpayment caused by the provider's or its representative's negligence.
- c. A previously disallowed cost, for the purposes of a negligence penalty assessment, is a cost previously disallowed as the result of a desk review or a field audit of the provider's cost report by Medicaid and such cost has not been reinstated by a voluntary action of Medicaid. The inclusion of such cost on a subsequent cost report by the provider, or its representative, unless the provider is pursuing an administrative or judicial review of such disallowance, will be considered as negligent and subject to the penalty imposed by this Rule.
  - (4) Calculation of Medicaid Prospective Payment Rates for Inpatient Claims.
- (a) Payments for inpatient services shall be based on a prospective per diem rate determined by the Alabama Medicaid Agency.
- (b) Rate Setting Period The as-filed immediately preceding year's cost report will be used to compute a hospital's prospective inpatient per diem rate each year, except for those hospitals on an operating budget or filing an abbreviated cost report, thus the base period is moving. The cost report shall be desk reviewed and any non-reimbursable items will be removed from reported cost prior to calculating a rate.
- (c) Rate Review Period The per diem rates as calculated by Alabama Medicaid Agency shall be provided to the hospitals prior to the effective date for their information and review.
- (d) Per Diem Rate Computation The total Medicaid cost per diems from the cost report shall be adjusted as follows:
- (1) The medical education cost per diem and the capital-related cost per diem are subtracted from the inpatient hospital cost per diem. The remaining cost per diem is separated into Administrative and General (A & G) and non-Administrative and General per diem components. The components will then be multiplied by the applicable hospital industry trend factor (as adjusted by any relevant trend factor variance). The resulting trended A & G cost per diem will be arrayed within hospital grouping in ascending order. The number of psychiatric hospitals will be multiplied by 60% to determine the position of the hospital that represents the 60th percentile. That hospital's cost in each urban grouping will become the ceiling for that grouping. The ceiling or actual cost per day (whichever is less) will be the adjusted A&G per diem cost. Add the adjusted (if applicable) A & G per diem component cost to the non-administrative per diem component cost. Psychiatric hospitals shall be subject to a 60th percentile ceiling.
  - (2) Capital-Related and Medical Education Costs Per Diem:
- a. Adjust capital-related cost for all hospitals per diem by any applicable low occupancy cost per day.
- b. Medical Education cost per diem will be multiplied by the hospital industry medical education costs trend factor.
- (3) The total Medicaid per diem cost per day, subject to the overall 80th percentile ceiling, shall consist of:

- a. Operating costs as adjusted in (1) above.
- b. Capital-related costs as determined in (2)(b) above.
- (4) The total cost per day will be arrayed in ascending order. The number of hospitals will be multiplied by the applicable percentile to determine the position of the hospital that represents the appropriate percentile. That hospital's cost will be the ceiling.
- (5) The lesser of the above determined ceiling or actual cost per day shall be added to any applicable education cost. The sum shall be a hospital's Medicaid per diem rate for the new period.
- (e) Adjustments to Rates The prospectively determined individual hospital's reimbursement rate may be adjusted as deemed necessary by the Agency. Circumstances which may warrant an adjustment include, but are not limited, to:
- (1) A previously submitted and/or settled cost report that is corrected. If an increase or decrease in rate results, any retroactive adjustments shall be applied as of the effective date of the original rate. Any such payment or recoupment shall be made by a rate change and/or a lump sum adjustment if the adjustment applies to the current rate period, or by a lump sum adjustment, if the adjustment applies to a prior rate period.
- (2) The information contained in the cost report is found to be intentionally misrepresented. Such adjustment shall be made retroactive to the date of the original rate. This situation may be considered grounds to suspend the hospital from participation in the Alabama Medicaid Program.
- (3) The hospital experiences extraordinary circumstances which may include, but are not limited to, an Act of God, war, or civil disturbance. Adjustments to reimbursement rates may be made in these and related circumstances.
- (4) Under no circumstances shall adjustments resulting from paragraphs (1) through (3) above exceed the ceiling established. However, if adjustments as specified in (1) through (3) so warrant, Medicaid may recompute ceilings.
- (5) Low Occupancy Adjustment A low occupancy adjustment shall be computed for hospitals which fail to maintain the minimum level of occupancy of the total licensed beds. A 70% occupancy factor will apply to hospitals with 100 or fewer beds. An 80% occupancy factor will apply to hospitals with 101 or more beds. Such adjustment will be composed of the fixed cost associated with the excess unoccupied beds and shall be a reduction to Medicaid inpatient cost. It shall be computed in the manner outlined as follows:

## LOW OCCUPANCY ADJUSTMENT FOR HOSPITALS

$$LOA = (1-TBD) ACC$$
  
(Y ABD)

TBD = Total Bed Days Actually Used
During the Cost Report Period

ACC = Allowable Capital Cost

ABD = Available Bed Days Which is Determined by Multiplying the Total Licensed Beds Times the Number of Days in the Y = Occupancy Factor (Y = 70% 100 beds or less) **Author**: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended**: filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective October 1, 2011. Filed September 23, 2011. **Amended**: Filed December 12, 2011; effective January 16, 2012 **Amended**: Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

#### Rule No. 560-X-23-.06 Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) Payments

1) For the period October 1, through September 30, qualified hospitals, in accordance with 42 CFR 433.51(b), will be paid a DSH payment as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel.

**Author**: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended**: Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended**: Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

# Rule No. 560-X-23-.07 Calculation of Medicaid Prospective Payment Inpatient Rate for Out-of-State Hospitals

(1) Payment for inpatient services provided by all out-of-state hospitals shall be calculated as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel.

**Author**: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended**: Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010 **Amended**: Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

## Rule No. 560-X-23-.08 Outpatient Services

(1) Non-certified emergency room visits will be restricted to three (3) per calendar year. Certified emergency room visits must be properly documented by the attending physician in the medical record. Hospitals shall not be paid more than three non-certified emergency room

visits per year, but the costs of providing additional care shall be accounted for and reported to Alabama Medicaid as a cost of providing care to Medicaid eligible recipients.

# (2) Outpatient Medicaid Base Payments.

Outpatient Medicaid Base Payments will be calculated as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel.

## (3) Outpatient Access Payments.

Outpatient Access Payments will be calculated as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel.

Author: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective October 1, 2011. Filed September 23, 2011. **Amended**: Filed December 12, 2011; effective January 16, 2012. **Amended**: Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

# Rule No. 560-X-23-.09 Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act Day and Cost Outliers

(1) Day Outliers - The Alabama Medicaid Agency does not impose durational limits for medically necessary inpatient services provided to children under the age of 6 years in hospitals deemed by the Agency as disproportionate and under the age of 1 in all hospitals. Because we pay for all medically necessary days of care for these children, we meet the day outlier requirement of the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act and no additional payments are available.

#### (2) Cost Outliers

- a. A cost outlier for an extremely costly length of stay for a child under age 6 receiving medically necessary services in a hospital deemed by the Alabama Medicaid Agency as disproportionate share and under age 1 in all hospitals, is defined as a claim for payment for a discharged child for allowable services rendered from the date of admission to the date of discharge which meets the following criteria:
- b. The Medicaid allowed charges per day for the length of stay for Medicaid eligible children as outlined above must exceed four times the hospital's mean total charge per day as established by Medicaid from Agency paid claim data.

# (c). Payment of Cost Outliers

The sum of allowed charges in excess of four times the mean total charge per day shall be multiplied by the hospital's current rate period percent of total Medicaid cost to total Medicaid charges (per Worksheet C of the Medicaid Cost Report) to establish the amount to be paid as a cost outlier. The outlier payment per Medicaid eligible child as outlined above shall be

limited to \$10,000 per discharge and a total of \$50,000 during the per diem rate cycle October 1 through September 30.

**Author**: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended**: Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010.

## Rule No. 560-X-23-.10 The CMS 2552-96 Cost Report

- (1) The Alabama Medicaid Agency uses the electronic cost report (ECR) filing of the Form CMS-2552 Hospital and Hospital Health Care Complex Cost Report, as defined in CMS Provider Reimbursement Manual (PRM) 15-II along with all accompanying schedules, forms and supporting information (hereinafter referred to as "Form CMS 2552) for its Medicaid program and all acute care hospitals must submit this report for fiscal years as described in the Alabama Medicaid Agency State Plan and amendments thereto as currently approved by the Hospital Services and Reimbursement Panel .
- (2) All Medicaid data completed. The due date corresponds with the Medicare intermediary.
- (3) Any extension or change to report period must be reported to the Medicaid Provider Audit Division in writing.
- (4) Late Filing If a complete uniform cost report is not filed by the due date, the hospital shall be charged a penalty of one hundred dollars per day for each calendar day after the due date.

**Author**: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority**: State Plan, Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History**: Effective June 9, 1986. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended**: Emergency Rule filed and effective October 1, 2011. Filed September 23, 2011. **Amended**: Filed December 12, 2011; effective January 16, 2012. **Amended**: Filed September 11, 2013; effective October 16, 2013.

#### Rule No. 560-X-23-.11 Other Matters

- (1) The total Medicaid cost per diems can be adjusted if the hospital experiences extraordinary circumstances which may include, but are not limited to, an Act of God, war, or civil disturbance. Adjustments to reimbursement rates may be made in these and related circumstances at the discretion of the Alabama Medicaid Commissioner.
- (2) New Hospital Facilities A new facility shall submit a budget of cost for Medicaid inpatient services for its initial cost reporting period. The Alabama Medicaid Agency will determine a per diem rate from this budget. After the budget period, an actual cost report will be filed for the budgeted period. The Alabama Medicaid Agency will calculate a per diem rate in order to determine if any under or overpayment has been made to the hospital.

(3) In a transfer which constitutes a change of ownership, the old and new providers shall reach an agreement between themselves concerning trade accounts payable, accounts receivable, and bank deposits. Medicaid will pay the new provider for unpaid claims for services rendered both prior to and after the change of ownership. The new provider shall be liable to Medicaid for unpaid amounts due Medicaid from the old provider.

Author: Keith Boswell, Director, Provider Audit/Reimbursement.

**Statutory Authority:** State Plan; Title XIX, Social Security Act, 42 C.F.R. Section 401, et seq. **History:** Emergency rule filed and effective September 2, 2010. **Amended:** Filed September 20, 2010; effective December 17, 2010. **Amended:** Filed August 11, 2015; effective September 15, 2015.